

REMARKS

The application has been amended to place the application in condition for allowance at the time of the next Official Action.

Claims 1-19 are pending in the application.

Applicant notes with appreciation the indication that claims 5, 11 and 17 are allowable.

Claims 1, 7, and 13 are amended to provide antecedent basis for the recited "procedure" and "execution" to address the 35 USC §112, second paragraph rejection noted in the Official Action.

Claims 1-4, 6-10, 12-16, 18 and 19 were rejected as allegedly being unpatentable over KAMADA et al. 6,192,258 in view of SMETHERS 6,463,304. That rejection is respectfully traversed.

Claim 1 recites a single switching member for switching between a browser controller and an e-mail sending and receiving controller upon toggling the switching member.

By way of example, as seen in Figure 5 of the present application, reproduced below, the mobile terminal includes a single switching member 6d that enables a mobile terminal to switch between a browser mode and an e-mail mode such that once the terminal is in the browser mode using switch 6d switches the terminal to the e-mail mode or vice versa. See page 12, line 11, to page 13, line 9 disclosing the operation of the mobile terminal and device according to claim 1.

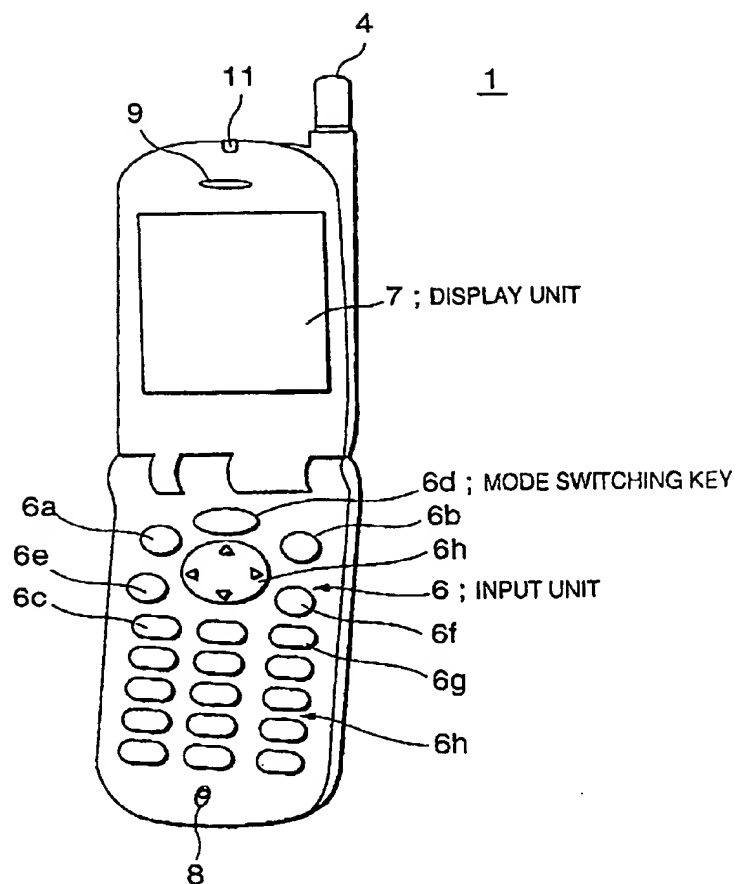


FIG. 5

The Official Action recognizes that KAMADA does not disclose the single switching member for switching between a browser controller and an e-mail sending and receiving controller. SMETHERS is offered for this feature, with the Official Action concluding that it would have been obvious to modify KAMADA using the navigation key as taught by SMETHERS to enable the system to have a single switching member for switching

between the browser controller and the e-mail sending and receiving controller.

However, that conclusion is believed to be untenable for at least the following reasons.

First, SMETHERS does not disclose that for which it is offered.

Column 6, lines 23-30 of SMETHERS, noted in the Official Action, disclose various options of operation using the original navigation key image map 118. One option is pressing the navigation key in the nine o'clock position to cause mobile device 100 to enter a browser mode of operation. Alternatively, pressing navigation key in the three o'clock position causes mobile device 100 to enter an address book mode of operation. A third alternative is pressing navigation key in the twelve o'clock position to cause mobile device 100 to enter an electronic mailed (e-mail) mode of operation.

However, as seen in Figure 3b of SMETHERS, for example, reproduced below, once SMETHERS has entered the browser mode, the navigation key image map 118 is no longer displayed and SMETHERS is unable to switch to an e-mail mode from the browser mode.

Rather, as disclosed on column 6, lines 16-22 of SMETHERS, whenever rocker key 310 is pressed, the mobile device 300 returns to the launch pad mode of operation shown in Figure 1. In this mode of operation, the original navigation key image map 118 is displayed on the screen 104. Once the original

navigation key image map 118 is displayed again, SMETHERS can then choose a different mode of operation, for example, e-mail mode of operation.

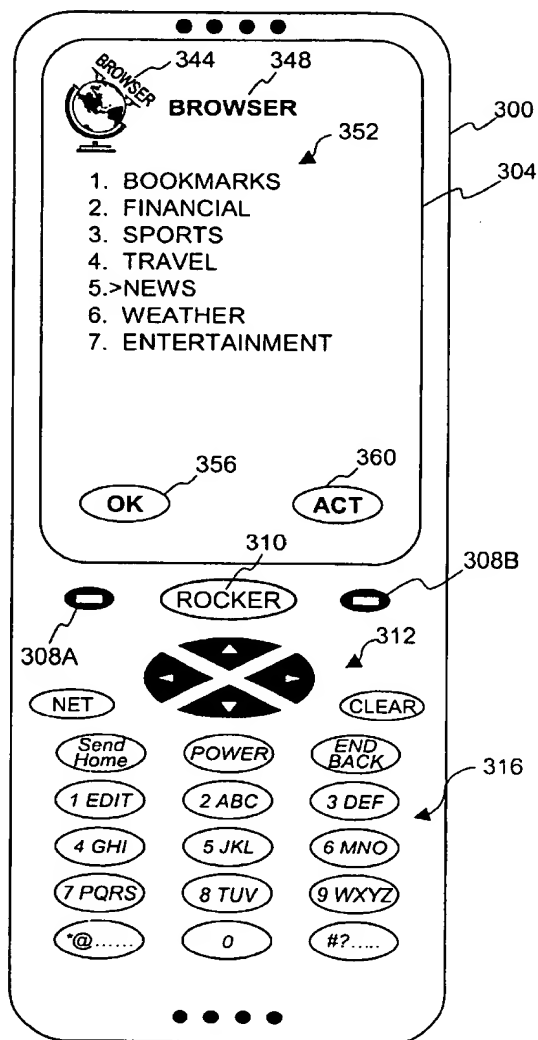


Figure 3B

Accordingly, SMETHERS requires using at least two keys to switch between a browser mode and an e-mail mode. The first key, for example, the nine o'clock position of the navigation key 118 enables SMETHERS to enter the browser mode. However,

SMETHERS then has to depress rocker key 310 as a second key to return to the navigation key image map 118 and then press the navigation key in the twelve o'clock position to enter the electronic mail mode. SMETHERS does not disclose a single key for switching between the browser controller and an e-mail sending and receiving controller as recited.

The above noted feature is missing from each of the references, is absent from the combination, and thus would not have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art.

Claim 7 is an independent method claim and includes similar limitations to that of device claim 1. The analysis above regarding claim 1 is equally applicable to claim 7.

Claim 13 is directed to a recording medium for recording of computer-executable display switching program and includes steps similar to that of claim 7. Accordingly, the analysis above regarding claim 1 is equally applicable to claim 13.

Independent claim 19 is also a device claim and recites a single switch for switching between the browser controller and e-mail sending and receiving controller, so at least one of the browser content and the e-mail content are displayed on the display device when the single switch is toggled. The analysis above regarding claim 1 is equally applicable to claim 19.

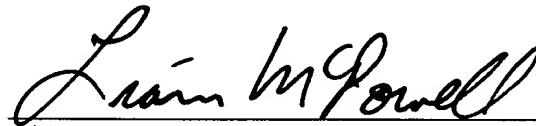
In view of the present amendment and the foregoing remarks, it is believed that the present application has been

placed in condition for allowance. Reconsideration and allowance are respectfully requested.

The Commissioner is hereby authorized in this, concurrent, and future replies, to charge payment or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 25-0120 for any additional fees required under 37 C.F.R. § 1.16 or under 37 C.F.R. § 1.17.

Respectfully submitted,

YOUNG & THOMPSON

A handwritten signature in black ink, reading "Liam McDowell", written over a horizontal line.

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